

C1 Controls and Latin-1 Supplement

Range: 0080–00FF

This file contains an excerpt from the character code tables and list of character names for *The Unicode Standard, Version 17.0*.

This file may be changed at any time without notice to reflect errata, or other updates to the Unicode Standard.

See <https://www.unicode.org/errata/> for an up-to-date list of errata.

See <https://www.unicode.org/charts/> for access to a complete list of the latest character code charts. See <https://www.unicode.org/charts/PDF/Unicode-17.0/> for charts showing only the characters added in Unicode 17.0. See <https://www.unicode.org/Public/17.0.0/charts/> for a complete archived file of character code charts for Unicode 17.0. See <https://www.unicode.org/charts/About.html#Conventions> for conventions used in these code charts, and other general information.

Disclaimer

These charts are provided as the online reference to the character contents of the Unicode Standard, Version 17.0 but do not provide all the information needed to fully support individual scripts using the Unicode Standard. For a complete understanding of the use of the characters contained in this file, please consult the appropriate sections of *The Unicode Standard, Version 17.0*, online at <https://www.unicode.org/versions/Unicode17.0.0/>, as well as the Unicode Standard Annexes, the other Unicode Technical Reports and Standards, and the Unicode Character Database, which are available online.

See <https://www.unicode.org/ucd/> and <https://www.unicode.org/reports/>

A thorough understanding of the information contained in these additional sources is required for a successful implementation.

Fonts

The shapes of the reference glyphs used in these code charts are not prescriptive. Considerable variation is to be expected in actual fonts.

See <https://www.unicode.org/charts/fonts.html> for a list.

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	008	009	00A	00B	00C	00D	00E	00F
0	[XXX] 0080	[DCS] 0090	[NB SP] 00A0	○ 00B0	À 00C0	Đ 00D0	à 00E0	ð 00F0
1	[XXX] 0081	[PU1] 0091	í 00A1	± 00B1	Á 00C1	Ñ 00D1	á 00E1	ñ 00F1
2	[BPH] 0082	[PU2] 0092	¢ 00A2	² 00B2	Â 00C2	Ò 00D2	â 00E2	ò 00F2
3	[NBH] 0083	[STS] 0093	ƒ 00A3	³ 00B3	Ã 00C3	Ó 00D3	ã 00E3	ó 00F3
4	[IND] 0084	[CCH] 0094	¤ 00A4	‘ 00B4	Ä 00C4	Ô 00D4	ä 00E4	ô 00F4
5	[NEL] 0085	[MW] 0095	¥ 00A5	µ 00B5	Å 00C5	Õ 00D5	å 00E5	õ 00F5
6	[SSA] 0086	[SPA] 0096	 00A6	¶ 00B6	Æ 00C6	Ö 00D6	æ 00E6	ö 00F6
7	[ESA] 0087	[EPA] 0097	§ 00A7	· 00B7	Ç 00C7	× 00D7	ç 00E7	÷ 00F7
8	[HTS] 0088	[SOS] 0098	.. 00A8	, 00B8	È 00C8	Ø 00D8	è 00E8	ø 00F8
9	[HTJ] 0089	[XXX] 0099	(C) 00A9	¹ 00B9	É 00C9	Ù 00D9	é 00E9	ù 00F9
A	[VTS] 008A	[SCI] 009A	a 00AA	œ 00BA	Ê 00CA	Ú 00DA	ê 00EA	ú 00FA
B	[PLD] 008B	[CSI] 009B	« 00AB	» 00BB	Ë 00CB	Û 00DB	ë 00EB	û 00FB
C	[PLU] 008C	[ST] 009C	¬ 00AC	¼ 00BC	Ì 00CC	Ü 00DC	ì 00EC	ü 00FC
D	[RI] 008D	[OSC] 009D	[SHY] 00AD	½ 00BD	Í 00CD	Ý 00DD	í 00ED	ý 00FD
E	[SS2] 008E	[PM] 009E	(R) 00AE	¾ 00BE	Î 00CE	Þ 00DE	î 00EE	þ 00FE
F	[SS3] 008F	[APC] 009F	— 00AF	¿ 00BF	Ï 00CF	ß 00DF	ï 00EF	ÿ 00FF

C1 controls*Alias names are those for ISO/IEC 6429:1992.*

0080	xxx	<control>
0081	xxx	<control>
0082	BSP	<control> = BREAK PERMITTED HERE → 200B ZW SP zero width space
0083	NBSP	<control> = NO BREAK HERE → 2060 wj word joiner
0084	IND	<control> • formerly known as INDEX
0085	NEL	<control> = NEXT LINE (NEL)
0086	SSA	<control> = START OF SELECTED AREA
0087	ESA	<control> = END OF SELECTED AREA
0088	HTS	<control> = CHARACTER TABULATION SET
0089	HTJ	<control> = CHARACTER TABULATION WITH JUSTIFICATION
008A	VTS	<control> = LINE TABULATION SET
008B	PLD	<control> = PARTIAL LINE FORWARD
008C	PLU	<control> = PARTIAL LINE BACKWARD
008D	RI	<control> = REVERSE LINE FEED
008E	SS2	<control> = SINGLE SHIFT TWO
008F	SS3	<control> = SINGLE SHIFT THREE
0090	DCS	<control> = DEVICE CONTROL STRING
0091	PUS	<control> = PRIVATE USE ONE
0092	PUS2	<control> = PRIVATE USE TWO
0093	STS	<control> = SET TRANSMIT STATE
0094	CCM	<control> = CANCEL CHARACTER
0095	MW	<control> = MESSAGE WAITING
0096	SPA	<control> = START OF GUARDED AREA
0097	EPA	<control> = END OF GUARDED AREA
0098	SOS	<control> = START OF STRING
0099	XXX	<control>
009A	SCI	<control> = SINGLE CHARACTER INTRODUCER
009B	CSI	<control> = CONTROL SEQUENCE INTRODUCER
009C	ST	<control> = STRING TERMINATOR
009D	OSC	<control> = OPERATING SYSTEM COMMAND
009E	PM	<control> = PRIVACY MESSAGE

009F APC <control>

= APPLICATION PROGRAM COMMAND

Latin-1 punctuation and symbols*Based on ISO/IEC 8859-1 (aka Latin-1) from here.*

00A0 SP NO-BREAK SPACE

- commonly abbreviated as NBSP
 - should be the same width as the space
- 0020 SP
→ 0020 SP space
→ 2007 F SP figure space
→ 202F NNB SP narrow no-break space
→ 2060 wj word joiner
→ 237D L shoulder open box
→ FEFF ZWN BSP zero width no-break space
≈ <noBreak> 0020 SP

00A1 i INVERTED EXCLAMATION MARK

- Spanish, Asturian, Galician
 - used in extended IPA to represent sublaminal lower alveolar percussive
- 0021 ! exclamation mark
→ A71E i modifier letter raised inverted exclamation mark

00A2 c CENT SIGN

- 023C c latin small letter c with stroke
→ 20A5 M mill sign
→ 20B5 C cedi sign
→ 1D135 € musical symbol cut time

00A3 £ POUND SIGN

- = pound sterling, Irish punt, lira, etc.
• not to be confused with the unit of weight
• glyph may have one or two crossbars, in distinction from 20A4 ¢
→ 20A4 £ lira sign
→ 20B4 t turkish lira sign
→ 10192 L roman semuncia sign

00A4 Ⓜ CURRENCY SIGN

- generic or unknown currency
 - other currency symbol characters start at 20A0 ¢
- 0024 \$ dollar sign

00A5 ¥ YEN SIGN

- = yuan sign (renminbi)
• glyph may have one or two crossbars, but the official symbol in Japan and China has two
• in native context, specific ideographs may be used for units of these currencies
→ 024E ¥ latin capital letter y with stroke
→ 04B0 й cyrillic capital letter straight u with stroke
→ 5143 元
→ 5186 円

00A6 i BROKEN BAR

- = broken vertical bar (1.0)
= parted rule (in typography)
→ 007C I vertical line

00A7 § SECTION SIGN

- used in referencing numbered sections or paragraphs
- 2E39 § top half section sign

00A8 .. DIAERESIS

- this is a spacing character
- 0308 ö combining diaeresis
≈ 0020 SP 0308 ö

00A9	© COPYRIGHT SIGN	00B4	acute accent
	→ 2117 ® sound recording copyright	• this is a spacing character	
	→ 24B8 © circled latin capital letter c	→ 0060 ` grave accent	
	→ 1F12F ® copyleft symbol	→ 02B9 ' modifier letter prime	
	→ 1F1AD ™ mask work symbol	→ 02CA ' modifier letter acute accent	
00AA	ª FEMININE ORDINAL INDICATOR	→ 02DD '' double acute accent	
	• Spanish	→ 0301 ¸ combining acute accent	
	→ 1D43 ª modifier letter small a	→ 0384 ' greek tonos	
	≈ <super> 0061 ª	→ 1FFD ' greek oxia	
00AB	« LEFT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION MARK	→ 2032 ' prime	
	= left guillemet	≈ 0020 [sp] 0301 ¸	
	= chevrons (in typography)	00B5	µ MICRO SIGN
	• usually opening, sometimes closing	≈ 03BC µ greek small letter mu	
	→ 226A « much less-than	00B6	¶ PILCROW SIGN
	→ 300A « left double angle bracket	= paragraph sign	
00AC	¬ NOT SIGN	• section sign in some European usage	
	= angled dash (in typography)	→ 204B ¶ reversed pilcrow sign	
	→ 2310 ¬ reversed not sign	→ 2761 ¶ curved stem paragraph sign	
	→ 2319 ¬ turned not sign	ornament	
00AD	� SOFT HYPHEN	→ 2E3F ¶ capitulum	
	= discretionary hyphen	00B7	· MIDDLE DOT
	• commonly abbreviated as SHY	= midpoint (in typography)	
	• an invisible format character indicating a possible hyphenation location	= Georgian comma	
00AE	® REGISTERED SIGN	= Greek middle dot (ano teleia)	
	= registered trade mark sign (1.0)	• also used as a raised decimal point or to denote multiplication; for multiplication 22C5 · is preferred	
	→ 2122 ™ trade mark sign	• used as a vowel length mark (part of words) in many Amerindian orthographies	
	→ 24C7 ® circled latin capital letter r	→ 002E . full stop	
	→ 1F16B ¯ raised md sign	→ 02D9 · dot above	
	→ 1F16C ¯ raised mr sign	→ 0387 · greek ano teleia	
00AF	— MACRON	→ 2022 • bullet	
	= overline, APL overbar	→ 2024 . one dot leader	
	• this is a spacing character	→ 2027 · hyphenation point	
	• unlike 203E —, adjacent instances of this character do not join	→ 2219 • bullet operator	
	→ 02C9 — modifier letter macron	→ 22C5 · dot operator	
	→ 0304 ¯ combining macron	→ 2E31 · word separator middle dot	
	→ 0305 ° combining overline	→ 2E33 · raised dot	
	→ 203E — overline	→ 30FB · katakana middle dot	
	→ FE26 ¯ combining conjoining macron	→ A78F · latin letter sinological dot	
	≈ 0020 [sp] 0304 ¯	00B8	CEDILLA
00B0	° DEGREE SIGN	• this is a spacing character	
	• this is a spacing character	• other spacing accent characters:	
	→ 02DA ° ring above	02D8 ¯—02DB ¯	
	→ 030A ¸ combining ring above	→ 0327 ¯ combining cedilla	
	→ 2070 ⁰ superscript zero	≈ 0020 [sp] 0327 ¯	
	→ 2103 °C degree celsius	00B9	¹ SUPERSCRIPT ONE
	→ 2109 °F degree fahrenheit	→ 00B2 ² superscript two	
	→ 2218 ° ring operator	→ 00B3 ³ superscript three	
00B1	± PLUS-MINUS SIGN	→ 2070 ⁰ superscript zero	
	= biquintile (astrological aspect: 144°)	≈ <super> 0031 ¹	
	→ 2213 ± minus-or-plus sign	00BA	º MASCULINE ORDINAL INDICATOR
	→ 22C7 ´ division times	• Spanish	
00B2	² SUPERSCRIPT TWO	→ 1D52 º modifier letter small o	
	= squared	→ 2070 ⁰ superscript zero	
	• other superscript digit characters:	→ 2116 № numero sign	
	2070 ⁰—2079 ⁹	≈ <super> 006F º	
	→ 00B9 ¹ superscript one	00BB	» RIGHT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION MARK
	≈ <super> 0032 ²	= right guillemet	
00B3	³ SUPERSCRIPT THREE	• usually closing, sometimes opening	
	= cubed	→ 226B » much greater-than	
	→ 00B9 ¹ superscript one	→ 300B » right double angle bracket	
	≈ <super> 0033 ³		

00E3	ã	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH TILDE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Portuguese <p>$\equiv 0061\text{ a} \ 0303\text{ ö}$</p>
00E4	ä	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <p>$\equiv 0061\text{ a} \ 0308\text{ ö}$</p>
00E5	å	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Danish, Norwegian, Swedish, Walloon <p>$\equiv 0061\text{ a} \ 030A\text{ å}$</p>
00E6	æ	LATIN SMALL LETTER AE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Latin small ligature ae (1.1) = ash (from Old English æsc) Danish, Norwegian, Icelandic, Faroese, Old English, French, IPA <p>$\rightarrow 0153\text{ æ}$ latin small ligature oe $\rightarrow 04D5\text{ æ}$ cyrillic small ligature a ie $\rightarrow 1D02\text{ æ}$ latin small letter turned ae $\rightarrow AB31\text{ æ}$ latin small letter a reversed-schwa</p>
00E7	ç	LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <p>$\equiv 0063\text{ c} \ 0327\text{ ç}$</p>
00E8	è	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH GRAVE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <p>$\equiv 0065\text{ e} \ 0300\text{ ð}$</p>
00E9	é	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH ACUTE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <p>$\equiv 0065\text{ e} \ 0301\text{ ó}$</p>
00EA	ê	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <p>$\equiv 0065\text{ e} \ 0302\text{ ô}$</p>
00EB	ë	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <p>$\equiv 0065\text{ e} \ 0308\text{ ö}$</p>
00EC	ì	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH GRAVE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Italian, Malagasy <p>$\equiv 0069\text{ i} \ 0300\text{ ð}$</p>
00ED	í	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH ACUTE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <p>$\equiv 0069\text{ i} \ 0301\text{ ó}$</p>
00EE	î	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <p>$\equiv 0069\text{ i} \ 0302\text{ ô}$</p>
00EF	ï	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <p>$\equiv 0069\text{ i} \ 0308\text{ ö}$</p>
00F0	ð	LATIN SMALL LETTER ETH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Icelandic, Faroese, Old English, IPA uppercase is 00D0 Ð <p>$\rightarrow 0111\text{ ð}$ latin small letter d with stroke $\rightarrow 03B4\text{ ð}$ greek small letter delta $\rightarrow 1E9F\text{ ð}$ latin small letter delta $\rightarrow 2202\text{ ð}$ partial differential $\rightarrow A77A\text{ ð}$ latin small letter insular d</p>
00F1	ñ	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH TILDE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <p>$\equiv 006E\text{ n} \ 0303\text{ ö}$</p>
00F2	ò	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH GRAVE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <p>$\equiv 006F\text{ o} \ 0300\text{ ð}$</p>
00F3	ó	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH ACUTE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <p>$\equiv 006F\text{ o} \ 0301\text{ ó}$</p>
00F4	ô	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <p>$\equiv 006F\text{ o} \ 0302\text{ ô}$</p>
00F5	õ	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH TILDE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Portuguese, Estonian, Livonian <p>$\equiv 006F\text{ o} \ 0303\text{ ö}$</p>
00F6	ö	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <p>$\equiv 006F\text{ o} \ 0308\text{ ö}$</p>

Mathematical operator

00F7	÷	DIVISION SIGN
	=	obelus
	→	occasionally used as an alternate, more visually distinct shape for a hyphen in some contexts
	→	historically used as a punctuation mark to denote questionable passages in manuscripts
	→	070B — syriac harklean obelus
	→	2052 $\% \text{ }$ commercial minus sign
	→	2215 $/ \text{ }$ division slash
	→	2223 $ \text{ }$ divides
	→	2236 $:$ ratio
	→	2797 $\div \text{ }$ heavy division sign
	→	27CC $\text{) } \text{ }$ long division
	→	2E13 $\text{٪ } \text{ }$ dotted obelos

Lowercase letters

00F8	ø	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE
	=	o slash
	•	Danish, Norwegian, Faroese, IPA
	→	0275 ø latin small letter barred o
	→	2300 ø diameter sign
	→	A74B ø latin small letter o with long stroke overlay
	→	A7C1 ø latin small letter old polish o
	→	AB3E ø latin small letter blackletter o with stroke
00F9	ù	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH GRAVE
	•	French, Italian
	≡	0075 $\text{u} \ 0300\text{ ð}$
00FA	ú	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH ACUTE
	≡	0075 $\text{u} \ 0301\text{ ó}$
00FB	û	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX
	≡	0075 $\text{u} \ 0302\text{ ô}$
00FC	ü	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS
	≡	0075 $\text{u} \ 0308\text{ ö}$
00FD	ý	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH ACUTE
	•	Czech, Slovak, Icelandic, Faroese, Welsh, Malagasy
	≡	0079 $\text{y} \ 0301\text{ ó}$
00FE	þ	LATIN SMALL LETTER THORN
	•	Icelandic, Old English, phonetics
	•	Runic letter borrowed into Latin script
	•	replaced by "th" in modern English
	→	03F8 þ greek small letter sho
	→	16A6 þ runic letter thurisaz thurs thorn
	→	A7D3 þ latin small letter double thorn
00FF	ÿ	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH DIAERESIS
	•	French, medieval Hungarian orthography
	•	uppercase is 0178 Ŷ
	≡	0079 $\text{y} \ 0308\text{ ö}$